Chinese IIAB M11 SeasonFestivalNoe Lesson 51 北京的夏天太热了

: 小松, 麦 克 今天 太 执 了 xiǎo sōng tài mài kè jīn tiān rè 帯 林先生休息一下吧 lín xiān shēng xiū xī yī xià wŏ men dài 松平子: 1 的。 生 好 林先 hǎo lín xiǎo sōng píng de xiān shēng zi 喝水。 您 多 北京的 夏天 太 热 nín shuĭ běi jīng de xià tiān duō hē tài rè 一不小心就会中暑。 jiù huì zhòng shǔ bù xiǎo xīn уī 我 明, 谢 谢 老 家在 林 杰 昆 0 wŏ lín iié xiè xiè lǎo kūn míng jiā zài 夏天不 如春。 这 热, 季 会 么 iì rú chūn xià tiān bù huì zhè rè me 夭 也不冷 tiān yě bù lěng dōng 松平子: 昆明是个好地 小 方。 sōna pína zi kūn míng shì xiǎo qè hǎo dì fāna 那 您 现在住在哪儿? nín xiàn zài zhù zài nǎ ér nà 林 杰: 现在我全家都 住 在旧 xiàn zài wǒ quán jiā lín dōu zhù zài jié jiù 年四季,春 夏秋冬, 山 金

nián sì jì

shān

iīn

yī

chūn

xià

aiū dōna

天气都不错。 tiān qì dōu bú cuò

小松平子: 我来自东京。 我xiǎo sōng píng zi wǒ lái zì dōng jīng wǒ

喜欢那里的秋天,落叶纷纷。 xǐ huān nà lǐ de qiū tiān luò yè fēn fēn

麦克: 我倒是喜欢东京的春 mài kè wǒ dào shì xǐ huān dōng jīng de chūn

天,樱花满城。 tiān yīng huā mǎn chéng

林杰:麦克,你多久没回家 lín jié mài kè nǐ duō jiǔ méi huí jiā 了?

↓ le

麦克:前年回去过。我弟弟 mài kè qián nián huí qù guò wǒ dì dì

约翰最近来中国找我了,今 yuē hàn zuì jìn lái zhōng guó zhǎo wǒ le jīn

年年底我打算和他回去。 nián nián dǐ wǒ dǎ suàn hé tā huí gù

林 杰 : 是 因 为 北 京 的 冬 天 太 lín jié shì yīn wèi běi jīng de dōng tiān tài

冷了吗? lěng le ma

麦克: 哈哈, 不是。我打算 mài kè hā hā bú shì wǒ dǎ suàn

先 士 天 去 波 顿 波 顿 的 xiān qù bō shì dùn bō shì dùn tiān de dōng

可比北京冷多了。

kě bǐ běi jīng lěng duō le

English text

麦克:小松,今天太热了,我们带林先生休息一下吧。

小松平子: 好的。林先生, 您多喝水。北京的夏天太热了! 一不小心①就会中暑。

林杰:谢谢。我老家在昆明,四季②如春。夏天不会这么热,冬天也不冷。

小松平子: 昆明是个好地方。那您现在住在哪儿?

林杰:现在我全家都住在旧金山。一年四季,春夏秋冬,天气都不错。

小松平子: 我来自东京。我喜欢那里的秋天, 落叶纷纷。

麦克: 我倒是喜欢东京的春天, 樱花满城。

林杰:麦克,你多久③没回家了?

麦克:前年回去过④。我弟弟约翰最近来中国找我了,今年年底⑤我打算和他回

去。

林杰:是因为北京的冬天太冷了吗?

麦克:哈哈,不是。我打算先去波士顿。波士顿的冬天可比北京冷多了⑥。

Mike: Xiaosong, today is so hot. Let's take Mr. Lin to have a break.

Xiaosongpingzi: Sure. Mr. Lin, please drink more water. It is too hot in summer in Beijing! Accidently it will cause Hyperthermia.

Lin Jie: Thanks. My hometown is Kunming, and it is like spring all the year round. It will not be so hot in summer, neither cold in winter.

Xiaosongpingzi: Kunming is a great place. Where do you live now?

Lin Jie: My whole family is living in San Francisco now. In four seasons of one year, spring, summer, fall and winter, the weather there is never bad.

Xiaosongpingzi: I am from Tokyo. I really like the fall there, with falling leaves, one after another.

Mike: I prefer the spring season in Tokyo, with cherry blossoms everywhere.

Lin Jie: Mike, how long have you not been back home?

Mike: I came back home the year before the last year. My younger brother John came to China to find me recently, and I am planning to go back with him at the end of this year.

Lin Jie: Is it because winter in Beijing is too cold?

Mike: Haha, not exactly. I am planning to go to Boston first. The winter in Boston is much colder than Beijing.

Language note

- ①一不小心 yí bù xiǎo xīn It means "accidently". 小心 (xiǎo xīn) can also be used individually, meaning "take care, be careful". 不小心 means "careless; carelessly", while 一不小心 can be used as an adverb.
- ②四季 sì jì This word means "four seasons". It is a word normally used with 一年 (yì nián, a year), like 一年四季 (yì nián sì jì, four seasons in one year).
- ③多久 duō jiǔ 多久has the same meaning with 多长时间 (duō cháng shí jiān), both of which mean "how long, how much time".
- ④前年回去过 qián nián huí qù guò This sentence is an abbreviated way of saying 前年 (我) 回过家, in which 过(guò) indicates the past tense, and 前年 (qián nián) means "the year before the last year". Please differentiate between 回家 (huí jiā, go home) and 回去 (huí qù, go back). We can only say 回过家 (huí guò jiā, been back home) or 回去过 (huí qù guò, been back), but cannot say 回去过家.
- ⑤年底 nián dǐ 年 (nián) means "year", while 底 (dǐ) means "bottom". 年底 (nián dǐ) can also be said as 年终 (nián zhōng), in which 终 means "the end".
- ⑥A+可+比 +B+adj. +多了 kě bǐ ... duō le 可is a transitional word. A比+ B + adj. +多了 means "A is much more adj. than B", while 多means "very much, a lot of".

Vocabulary

夏天 xià tiān - summer

热 rè - hot

喝 hē - drink

水 shuǐ - water

小心 xiǎo xīn - careful, take care

中暑 zhòng shǔ - hyperthermia

老家 lǎo jiā - hometown (oral)

昆明 kūn míng - Kunming

(a city in China)

四季 sì jì - four seasons

四季如春 sì jì rú chūn - it is like spring all the year around

冬天 dōng tiān - winter

冷 lěng - cold

地方 dì fāng - place

全家 quán jiā - whole family

旧金山 jiù jīn shān - San Francisco

一年四季 yì nián sì jì - four seasons in

one year

春夏秋冬 chūn xià qiū dōng - spring,

summer, fall and winter

天气 tiān qì - weather

秋天 qiū tiān - fall

落叶 luò yè - fallen leaves

纷纷 fēn fēn adj. - one after another

春天 chūn tiān - spring

樱花 yīng huā - cherry blossom

满 mǎn – full of

城 chéng - city

多久 duō jiǔ - how long

回家 huí jiā – to go home

前年 qián nián - the year before the last year

今年 jīn nián - this year

年底 nián dǐ - at the end of this year

波士顿bō shì dùn - Boston

Key sentences

今天太热了

jīn tiān tài rè le Today is too hot.

我们带林先生休息一下吧。

wǒ men dài lín xiān shēng xiū xī yī xià ba Let's take Mr. Lin to have a break!

您多喝水。

nín duō hē shuǐ Please drink more water.

北京的夏天太热了!

běi jīng de xià tiān tài rè le It is too hot in summer in Beijing!

一不小心就会中暑。

yī bù xiǎo xīn jiù huì zhòng shǔ Accidentally it will cause Hyperthermia.

我老家在昆明,

wǒ lǎo jiā zài kūn míng My hometown is Kunming.

四季如春。

sì jì rú chūn (It is like) spring in four seasons.

夏天不会这么热

xià tiān bù huì zhè me rè It will not be so hot in summer.

冬天也不冷。

dōng tiān yě bù lěng Neither cold in winter.

昆明是个好地方。

kūn míng shì gè hǎo dì fāng Kunming is a great place.

那您现在住在哪儿?

nà nín xiàn zài zhù zài nǎ ér Where do you live now?

现在我全家都住在旧金山。

xiàn zài wǒ quán jiā dōu zhù zài jiù jīn shān My whole family all live in San Francisco.

一年四季。

yī nián sì jì Four seasons a year.

春夏秋冬,

chūn xià qiū dōng Spring summer fall winter.

天气都不错

tiān qì dōu bú cuò The weather there is never bad.

我来自东京

wǒ lái zì dōng jīng I am from Tokyo.

我喜欢那里的秋天,

wǒ xǐ huān nà lǐ de qiū tiān I like fall there.

落叶纷纷。

luò yè fēn fēn With falling leaves.

我倒是喜欢东京的春天,

wǒ dào shì xǐ huān dōng jīng de chūn tiān I prefer the spring in Tokyo.

樱花满城。

yīng huā mǎn chéng With cherry blossoms, everywhere.

你多久没回家了?

nǐ duō jiǔ méi huí jiā le How long have you not been back home?

前年回去过。

qián nián huí qù guò I went home the year before last year.

我弟弟约翰最近来中国找我了,

wǒ dì dì yuē hàn zuì jìn lái zhōng guó zhǎo wǒ le My younger brother, John, came to China to find me recently. 今年年底我打算和他回去。

jīn nián nián dǐ wǒ dǎ suàn hé tā huí qù I am planning to go back with him at the end of this year.

是因为北京的冬天太冷了吗?

shì yīn wèi běi jīng de dōng tiān tài lěng le ma Is it because too winter in Beijing is too cold?

我打算先去波士顿。

wǒ dǎ suàn xiān qù bō shì dùn I am planning to go to Boston first.

波士顿的冬天可比北京冷多了。

bō shì dùn de dōng tiān kě bǐ běi jīng lěng duō le The winter in Boston is much colder than Beijing.

Lesson 52 你听说过中秋节吗?

王明: 琳达, 你听说过中秋

wáng míng lín dá nǐ tīng shuō guò zhōng qiū

节吗?

jié ma

琳达: 中秋节? 是秋天的节

lín dá zhōng qiū jié shì qiū tiān de jié

日吗?

rì ma

王明: 是啊, 你猜得真准。

wáng míng shì a nǐ cāi dé zhēn zhǔn

中秋节是农历八月十五日, zhōng qiū jié shì nóng lì bā yuè shí wǔ rì

中国人喜欢全家在一起,过

zhōng guó rén xǐ huān quán jiā zài yī qǐ guò

这个节。 zhè gè jié

琳 达 了。 明 我 哦 ! 我 白 们 : lín dá wŏ míng bái wŏ é le men 节 是这样 的 感 恩 也 家 全 在 găn ēn jié yě shì zhè yàng quán de jiā zài 节,和中秋节 起 过 类 似 hé zhōng qiū jié qĭ quò jié yī lèi shì 你 们 感 : 不 , 的 节 E 明 过 恩、 wáng míng bú guò nĭ de gǎn men ēn jié 果 吟 火 鸡 苹 我 派 们 而 的 chī huŏ jī píng quǒ pài wŏ ér men de 秋 节 月饼、赏月 中 吃 chī yuè bǐng shǎng yuè zhōng qiū iié

琳达: 中秋节有春节那么热 lín dá zhōng qiū jié yǒu chūn jié nà me rè 闹吗?

nào ma

E 明 嗯 中 节 虽 然 秋 没 : wáng míng ēn zhōng qiū jié suī rán méi 节 它 是 是 有 , 但 也 春 热 闹 yŏu chūn jié rè nào dàn shì yě shì tā уī 节 年 个 重 要 的 今 的 中 日 秋 zhòng yào jié gè de rì nián de jīn zhōng qiū 节 我 想 邀 请 你 去 我 家 起 iié wŏ xiǎng yāo qĭng nĭ qù wŏ jiā yī qǐ

过 节 可以吗? jié quò kě уĭ ma 琳 达 好 啊 我 听 ļ 说 中 国 : lín hǎo wŏ dá tīng shuō zhōng guó а rén 喜 过 节 很 送 物 是 欢 互 礼 hěn huān hù sòng Ιĭ quò jié ΧĬ wù shì ma 节 E 明 对 毎 当 过 的 时 候 míng wáng duì měi dāng quò jié de shí hòu 送 友 我 都 会 朋 们 此 小、 礼 物 sòng péng yǒu xiǎo wŏ dū huì xiē Ιĭ men уī wù 节 琳 中 秋 达 那 的 时 候 我 dá qiū lín nà zhōng jié de shí hòu wŏ 你 送 什 最 么 好 呢 sòng shén zuì hǎo qěi nĭ me ne E 明 什 么 都 不 用 你 就 把 wáng míng shén me dōu bù yòng nĭ jiù bă 己 你 自 送 到 我 家 来 就 好 nĭ zì jĭ sòng dào wŏ jiā lái jiù hǎo

English text

ļ

啦

Ιā

王明:琳达·你听说过中秋节①吗? 琳达:中秋节?是秋天的节日吗?

王明:是啊,你猜得真准②。中秋节是农历八月十五日,中国人喜欢全家在一起,过这个节。

琳达:哦!我明白了。我们的感恩节也是这样,全家在一起过节,和中秋节类似③。

王明:不过④,你们的感恩节吃火鸡、苹果派;而我们的中秋节吃月饼、赏月。

琳达:中秋节有春节那么热闹吗?

王明:嗯……中秋节虽然没有春节热闹·但是它也是一个重要的节日。今年的中秋节·我想邀请你去我家一起过节。可以吗?

琳达:好啊!我听说中国人过节很喜欢互送礼物,是吗?

王明:对。每当过节的时候,我都会送朋友们一些小礼物。

琳达:那中秋节的时候,我给你送什么最好呢?

王明:什么都不用,你就把你自己"送"到我家来就好啦!

Wang Ming: Linda, have you heard of Mid-autumn festival?

Linda: Mid-autumn festival? Is it a festival in the fall?

Wang Ming: That's right, you got it. Mid-autumn festival is on Aug. 15 in lunar calendar. Chinese people prefer a whole family gather together and spend this day.

Linda: Oh! I see. Our Thanksgiving is like this: the whole family gets together to enjoy the holiday. It is like the Mid-autumn day here.

Wang Ming: However, you will eat turkey and apple pie on Thanksgiving, but we will have moon-cake and appreciate the full moon on Mid-autumn festival.

Linda: Is Mid-autumn festival the same boisterous as the Spring Festival?

Wang Ming: Um... although the Mid-autumn festival is not as boisterous as the Spring Festival, it is an important holiday as well. For the Mid-autumn festival this year, I would like to invite you to come to my home and spend this day with my family. Is it ok?

Linda: I would love to! I heard that Chinese people like exchange gifts on holidays, is that right? Wang Ming: Yes. Every time when it is a holiday, I will give some small gifts to my friends.

Linda: Then for the Mid-autumn festival, what is the best gift I send to you?

Wang Ming: Nothing needed. You can just "send" yourself to my home!

Language note

- ①中秋节 zhōng qiū jié 中秋节is the Mid-autumn festival which falls on the fifteenth day of the eighth lunar month (September of the solar calendar). It is also known as Family Reunion Day, just as Thanksgiving in the US. This is a time when the whole family enjoys getting together to look at the full moon, and to eat delicious moon-cakes.
- ②猜得(真)准 cāi de (zhēn) zhǔn 猜得准 is a phrase used when someone got the right answer of a question you want him/her to guess. 猜 is a verb meaning "guess", while 准 is an adjective meaning "accurate", which is also the resultative complement of the verb. V.+得+adj. is a structure that is often used to describe an action. 真here means "really".
- ③和…… 类似 hé … lèi sì "is similar to".
- ④不过 bú guò 不过is a conjunction word that expresses a turn in a conversation and connects the clauses. A comma placed after it allows for a pause in the dialogue. 不过 always suggests a milder transition in tone than 但是 or 可是, and is mostly used in oral Chinese.

Vocabulary

听说 tīng shuō - be heard of 中秋节zhōng qiū jié -Mid-autumn Festival 秋天 qiū tiān - fall, autumn 节日 jié rì - holiday 猜 cāi – to guess 准 zhun - correct, accurate 农历 nóng lì - lunar calendar 八 bā - eight 月 yuè - month, moon 十五 shí wǔ - fifteen ☐ rì - day, sun 全家 quán jiā - whole family 这个 zhè gè - this 过节 guò jié - to spend/ to enjoy the holiday 明白 míng bai – to understand 感恩节gǎn ēn jié - Thanksgiving 类似 lèi sì - similar to 不过 bú guò - however 吃 chī – to eat 火鸡 huǒ jī - turkey 苹果 píng guǒ - apple 派 pài - pie

月饼 yuè bǐng - moon-cake 赏月 shǎng yuè - appreciate/ look at the full moon 春节 chūn jié - Spring Festival 热闹 rè nào - boisterous 它 tā - it 邀请 yāo qǐng - invite 互送 hù sòng – to exchange (gifts, etc.) 每当 měi dāng - every time when... 一些 yì xiē - some 小 xiǎo - small 什么 shén me - what, anything 不用 bú yòng - no need

Key sentences

你听说过中秋节吗?

nǐ tīng shuō guò zhōng qiū jié ma Have you heard of Mid-autumn festival?

是秋天的节日吗?

shì qiū tiān de jié rì ma Is it a festival in the fall?

你猜得真准。

nǐ cāi dé zhēn zhǔn That is right, you got it.

中秋节是农历八月十五日

zhōng qiū jié shì nóng lì bā yuè shí wǔ rì Mid-autumn festival is on August 15th in lunar calendar.

中国人喜欢全家在一起,

zhōng guó rén xǐ huān quán jiā zài yī qǐ Chinese people like a whole family gather

过这个节。

guò zhè gè jié to celebrate this festival.

我明白了。

wǒ míng bái le I got it.

我们的感恩节也是这样。

wǒ men de gǎn ēn jié yě shì zhè yàng Our Thanksgiving is also like this.

全家在一起过节,

quán jiā zài yī qǐ guò jié The whole family gets together.

和中秋节类似。

hé zhōng qiū jié lèi shì It is like the Mid-autumn festial . 不过,

bú guò However,

你们的感恩节吃火鸡、苹果派; nǐ men de gǎn ēn jié chī huǒ jī píng guǒ pài You will eat turkey and apple pie on Thanksqiving.

而我们的中秋节吃月饼、赏月。 ér wǒ men de zhōng qiū jié chī yuè bǐng shǎng yuè But we will eat moon cake and appreciate the full moon on Mid-autumn festival.

中秋节有春节那么热闹吗? zhōng qiū jié yǒu chūn jié nà me rè nào ma Is Mid-autumn festival the same boisterous as the Spring festival?

中秋节虽然没有春节热闹, zhōng qiū jié suī rán méi yǒu chūn jié rè nào The Mid-autumn festival is not as boisterous as the Spring festival.

但是它也是一个重要的节日。 dàn shì tā yě shì yī gè zhòng yào de jié rì But it (Mid-autumn) is an important holiday too.

今年的中秋节,

jīn nián de zhōng qiū jié For the Mid-autumn festival this year,

我想邀请你去我家一起过节。 wǒ xiǎng yāo qǐng nǐ qù wǒ jiā yī qǐ guò jié I would like to invite you to come to my house and spend time with my family.

可以吗?

kě yǐ ma Is it ok?

我听说中国人过节很喜欢互送礼物。 wǒ tīng shuō zhōng guó rén guò jié hěn xǐ huān hù sòng lǐ wù

I heard that Chinese people like to exchange gifts on holidays.

是吗?

shì ma Is that right? 对。

duì Yes, correct.

每 当 过 节 的 时 候

měi dāng guò jié de shí hòu Every time when it is a holiday.

我都会送朋友们一些小礼物。

wǒ dū huì sòng péng yǒu men yī xiē xiǎo lǐ wù I will give some small lgifts to my friends.

那中秋节的时候,

nà zhōng qiū jié de shí hòu Then for the Mid-autumn festival,

我给你送什么最好呢?

wǒ gěi nǐ sòng shén me zuì hǎo ne What is the best gift I send to you?

什么都不用,

shén me dōu bù yòng Nothing needed.

你就把你自己"送"到我家

nǐ jiù bǎ nǐ zì jǐ sòng dào wǒ jiā You can just send yourself to my home.

来就好啦!

lái jiù hǎo lā (You) just come that will be fine.

Culture Reflection for Seasons and Festivals

Please write a reflection (120-150 words) after doing a Google Search for the topic: "Spring Festival & Mid-Autumn Festival" and watching any suitable video you can find. An example of a suitable video is also located in the sidebar.

- Two of the most important festivals in China.
- Question: Which festival, if you had a chance, would you prefer to attend? Why?

You will need to type your reflection in a word processing document and save the file on your hard drive or a disk. Please state the URL for your video on the reflection. Then, submit your assignment.

https://youtu.be/IEtADJI97Q0 Spring festival

<iframe width="560" height="315"
src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/lEtADJI97Q0" frameborder="0"
allowfullscreen></iframe>

https://youtu.be/ndknxk4v4QY Mid-autumn festival

<iframe width="560" height="315" src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/ndknxk4v4QY" frameborder="0"
allowfullscreen></iframe>